

What we scout for



- Pests, LeafMiner, Spider Mites, Aphids
- Diseases, Powdery Mildew, Botrytis
- Hop Latent Viroid
- **)**••••

Botrytis





Botrytis

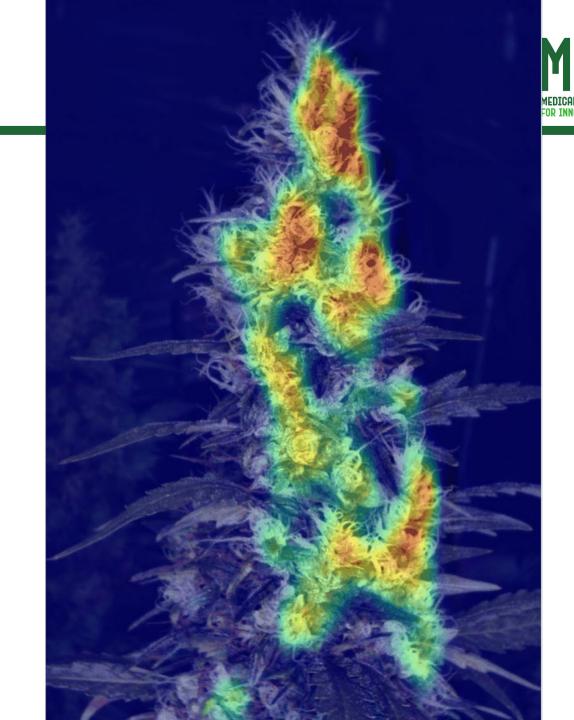
Date:

2020-09-19

Time: 04:26:18

Botrytis Probability: 99.99988 %

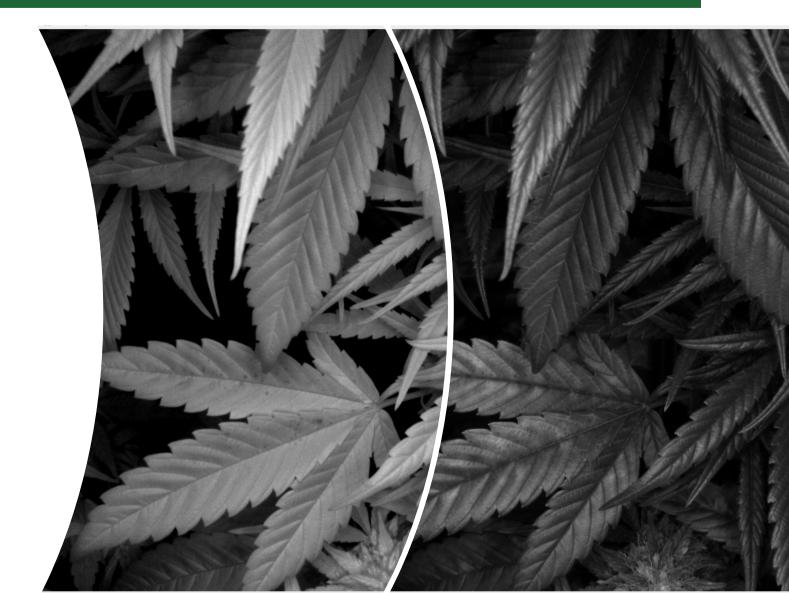
Up to 10 days before visual symptoms appear



Deficiency



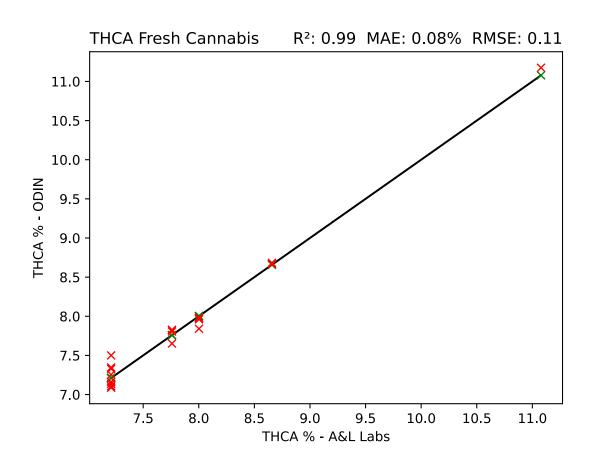
Detect them early and act on them

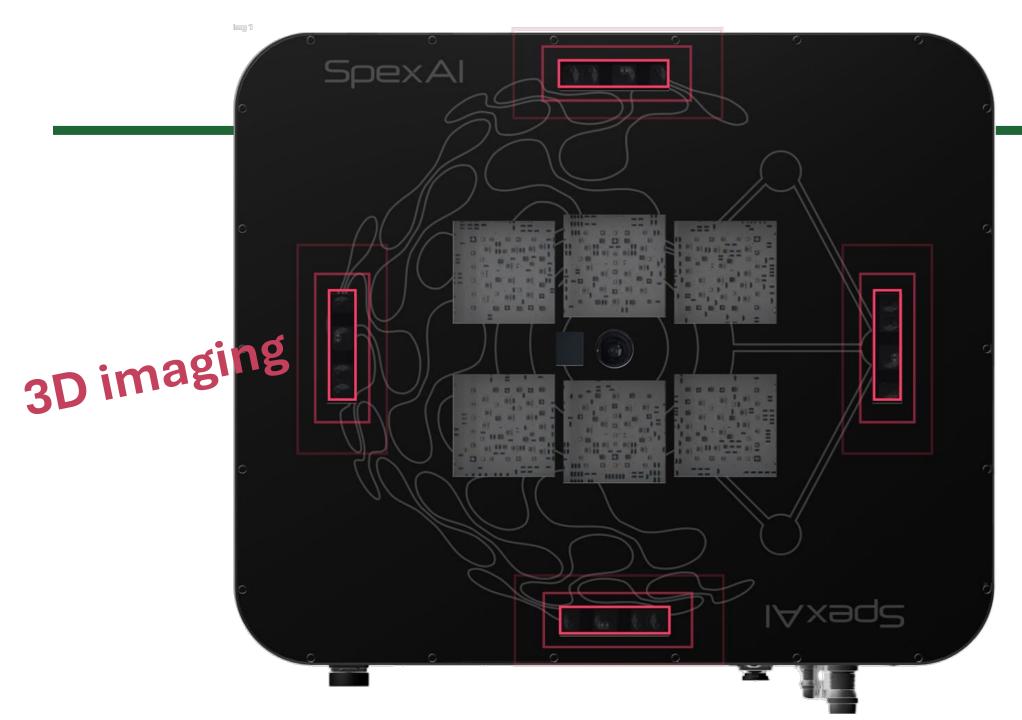




THC value









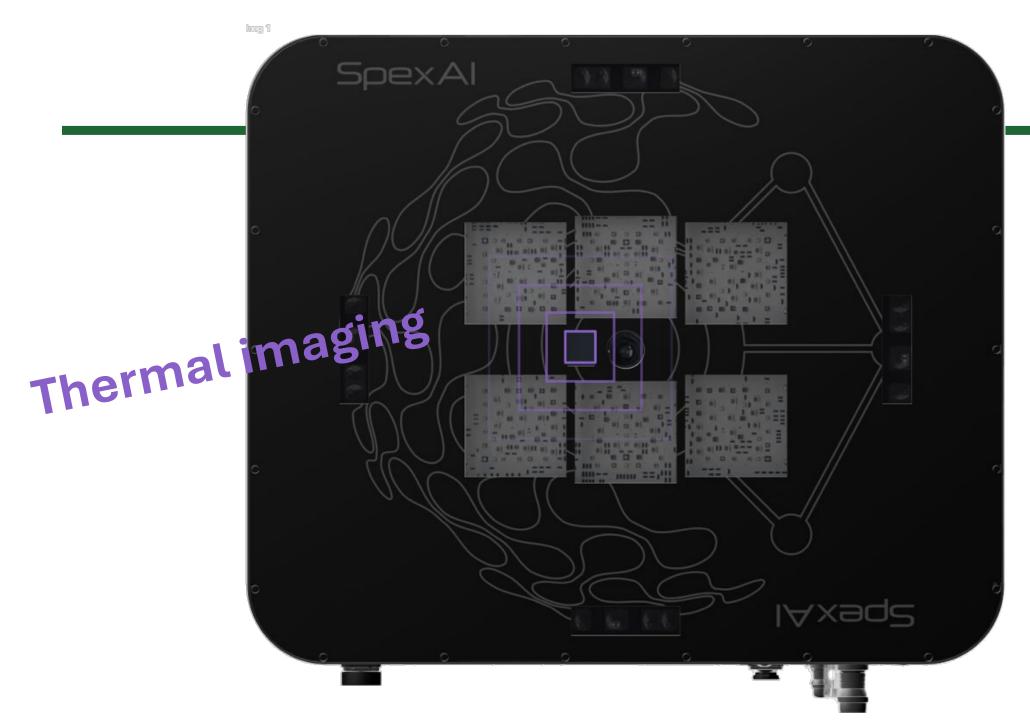
3D imaging – What we measure



- Plant Height
- Leaf Angle Distribution
- Internodal Distance
- Volume of Flowers





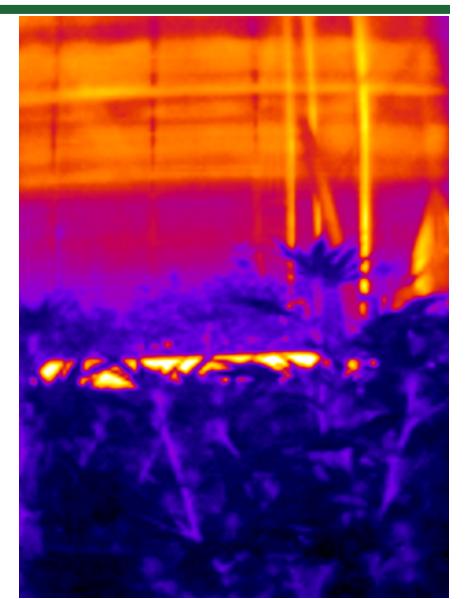




Thermal imaging – What we sense



- Leaf Temperature: (25-30°C during day ideal?)
- Leaf VPD
- Crop Water Stress Index
- Actual Transpiration Rate



What makes us unique in MCPIR



We are on a mission to simplify cultivation.

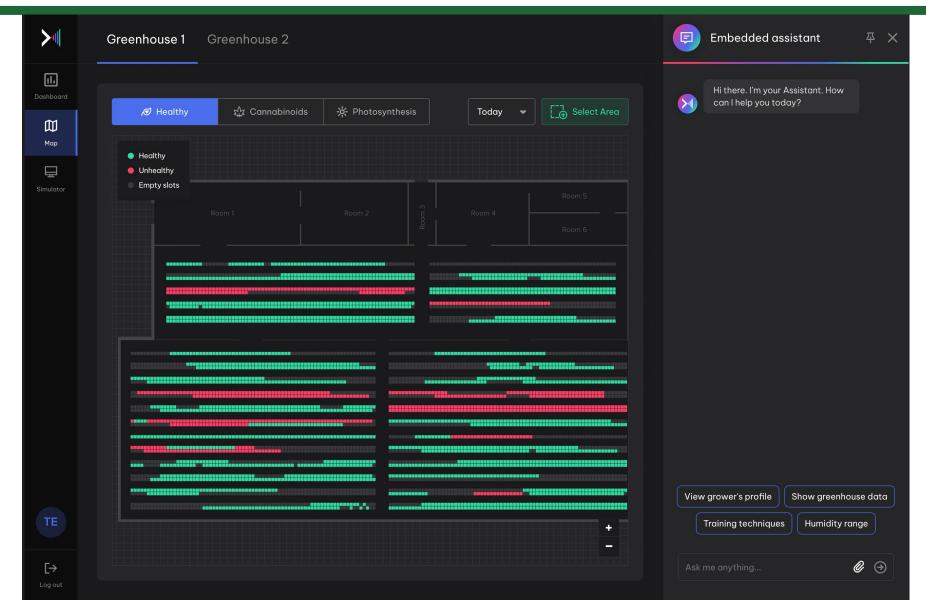
Measure: Yield and flower growth over time

--> Less manual measurement

Scout: Botrytis, Powdery Mildew, HopLatent Viroid, Pests

--> Problems we will hopefully never have here







Why we joined MCPIR



To better understand and model Plant <>
Environment interaction



Plant Environment Interaction matters



- We know temperature and light have a huge impact on plant development.
 - > Yield
 - > Risk for diseases

But we need to know the actual transpiration rate.



Factors that affect transpiration rate

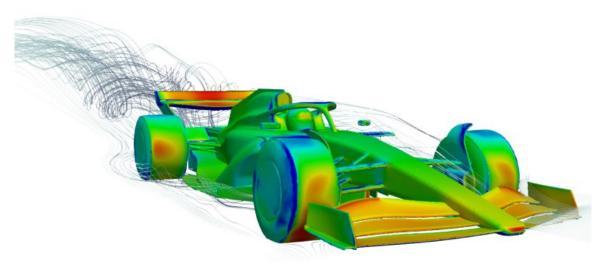


- Light Intensity
- Temperature
- Air movement
- Humidity

But while we can only measure leaf temp on a plant level at canopy, environmental sensors are still too expensive to deploy at plant level.

Computational Fluid Dynamics





What is CFD?

Simulation of Fluid Flows:

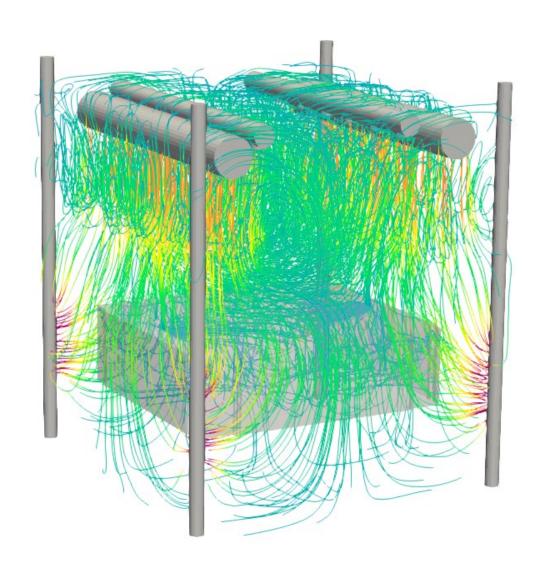
Uses numerical methods to model liquid and gas behavior, solving complex equations to predict fluid interactions.

Wide Applications:

Crucial in aerospace, automotive, civil engineering, and environmental studies for designing and improving systems.

CFD for cannabis cultivation





Why use CFD in horticulture?

Optimal Ventilation:

Ensures even airflow promoting healthy growth.

Uniform CO2 Distribution:

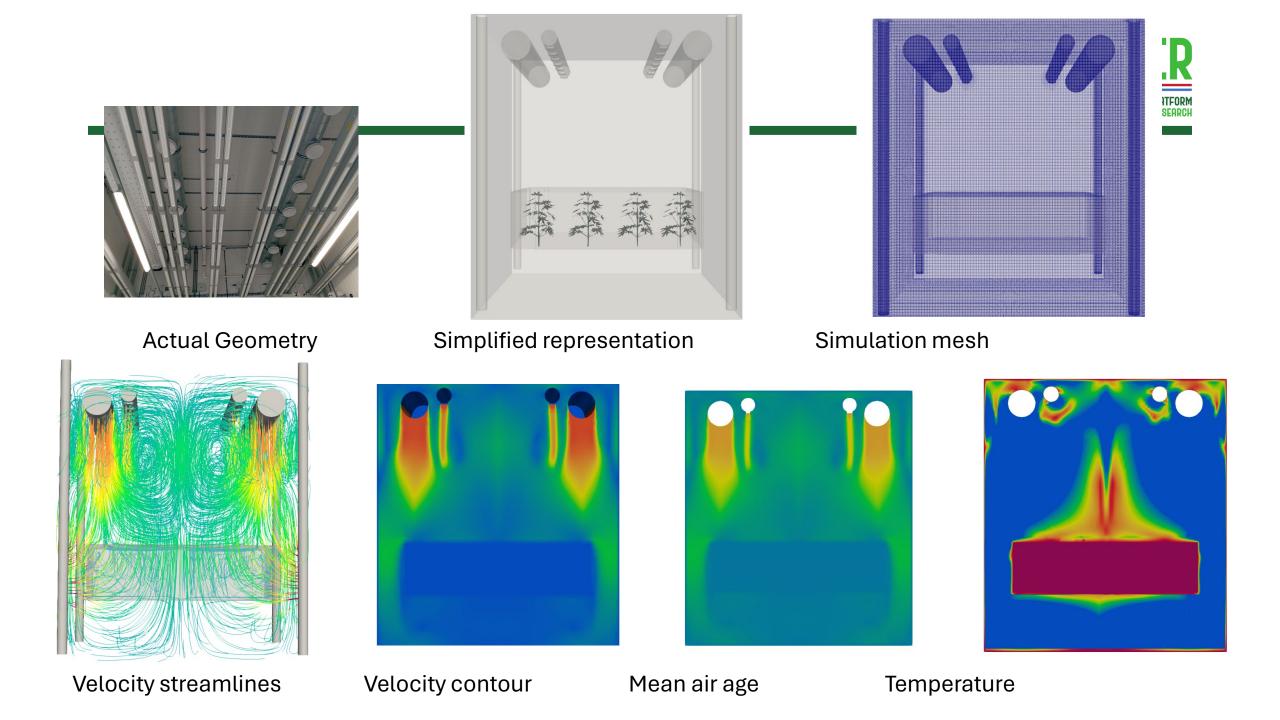
Enhances photosynthesis and growth by maintaining consistent CO2 levels.

Temperature Control:

Maintains consistent temperatures for optimal plant growth.

Humidity Management:

Ensures uniform humidity levels to prevent mold and mildew.



Model transpiration rate



- Light Intensity --> CFD
- Temperature --> CFD
- ▶ Air movement --> CFD
- ▶ Humidity --> CFD

Develop Cannabis specific transpiration models.

MCPIR



- Expand knowledge on Cannabis Cultivation
- Simplify Cultivation
- Cannabis is a plant, learn from experience
- Provide value to growers

